

Control integrated Power System (CIPOS™)

IKCS12F60AA

<http://www.infineon.com/cipos>

Power Management & Drives



Never stop thinking.

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8	max. bootstrap capacitor	

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CiPOS™

Control integrated Power System

Single In-Line Intelligent Power Module

3Φ-bridge 600V / 12A @ 25°C



Features

- Fully isolated Single In-Line molded module
- TrenchStop® IGBTs with lowest $V_{CE(sat)}$
- Optimal adapted EmCon™ diode for low EMI
- Integrated bootstrap diode and capacitor
- Rugged SOI gate driver technology with stability against transient and negative voltage
- Temperature monitor and over temperature shutdown
- Overcurrent shutdown
- Undervoltage lockout at all channels
- Matched propagation delay for all channels
- Low side emitter pins accessible for all phase current monitoring (open emitter)
- Cross-conduction prevention
- Lead-free terminal plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹ (high temperature stress tests for 500h) for target applications

Target Applications

- Washing machines
- Consumer Fans and Consumer Compressors

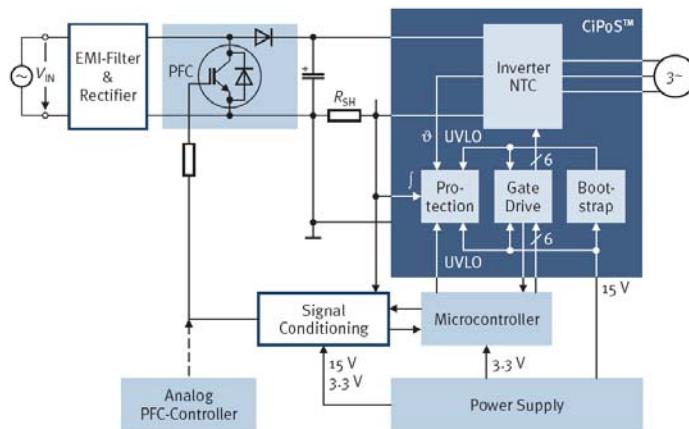
Description

The CiPoS™ module family offers the chance for integrating various power and control components to increase reliability, optimize PCB size and system costs.

This SIL-IPM is designed to control AC motors in variable speed drives for applications like air conditioning, compressors and washing machines. The package concept is specially adapted to power applications, which need extremely good thermal conduction and electrical isolation, but also EMI-save control and overload protection. The features of Infineon TrenchStop® IGBTs and EmCon™ diodes are combined with a new optimized Infineon SOI gate driver for excellent electrical performance.

System Configuration

- 3 halfbridges with TrenchStop® IGBT & FW-EmCon™ diodes
- 3Φ SOI gate driver
- Bootstrap diodes for high side supply
- Integrated 100nF bootstrap capacitance
- Temperature sensor, passive components for adaptions
- Isolated heatsink
- Creepage distance 3.1mm



¹ J-STD-020 and JESD-022

Internal Electrical Schematic

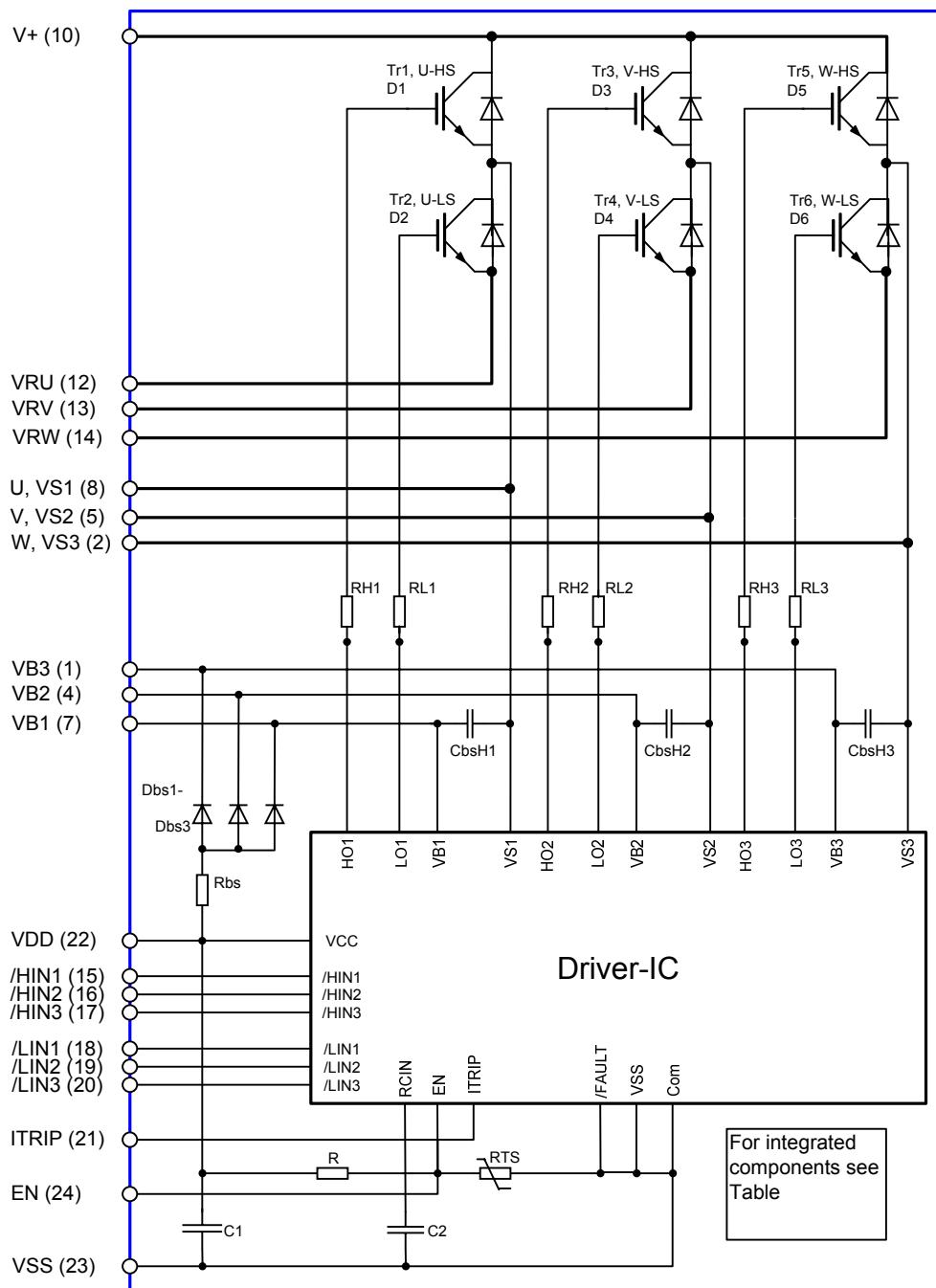


Figure 1: Internal Schematic

Pin Assignment

Pin Number	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	VB3	high side floating IC supply voltage
2	W,VS3	motor output W, high side floating IC supply offset voltage
3	n.a.	None
4	VB2	high side floating IC supply voltage
5	V,VS2	motor output V, high side floating IC supply offset voltage
6	n.a.	None
7	VB1	high side floating IC supply voltage
8	U,VS1	motor output U, high side floating IC supply offset voltage
9	n.a.	None
10	V+	positive bus input voltage
11	n.a.	None
12	VRU	low side emitter
13	VRV	low side emitter
14	VRW	low side emitter
15	/HIN1	input gate driver high side 1/U
16	/HIN2	input gate driver high side 2/V
17	/HIN3	input gate driver high side 3/W
18	/LIN1	input gate driver low side 1/U
19	/LIN2	input gate driver low side 2/V
20	/LIN3	input gate driver low side 3/W
21	ITRIP	input overcurrent shutdown
22	VDD	module control supply
23	VSS	module negative supply
24	EN	input logic enable, output temperature monitoring

Pin Description

/HIN1,2,3 and /LIN1,2,3 (Low side and high side control pins, Pin 15 - 20)

These pins are active low and they are responsible for the control of the integrated IGBT. The Schmitt-trigger input threshold of them are

such to guarantee LSTTL and CMOS compatibility down to 3.3V controller outputs. Pull-up resistor of about 75 kOhm is internally provided to pre-bias inputs during supply start-up and a zener clamp is provided for pin protection purposes. Input schmitt-trigger and noise filter provide beneficial noise rejection to short input pulses.

It is recommended for proper work of CiPoS™ not to provide input pulse-width lower than 1us.

The integrated gate drive provides additionally a shoot through prevention capability which avoids the simultaneous on-state of two gate drivers of the same leg (i.e. HO1 and LO1, HO2 and LO2, HO3 and LO3).

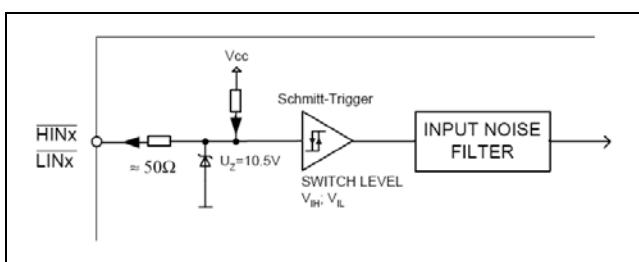


Figure 2: Input pin structure

A minimum deadtime insertion of typ 325ns is also provided, in order to reduce cross-conduction of the external power switches.

EN (enable, Pin 24)

The signal applied to pin EN controls directly the output stages. All outputs are set to LOW, if EN is at LOW logic level. The internal structure of the pin is the same as Figure 1 made exception of the switching levels of the Schmitt-Trigger, which are here $V_{EN,TH+} = 2.1$ V and $V_{EN,TH-} = 1.32$ V. The typical propagation delay time is $t_{EN} = 700$ ns.

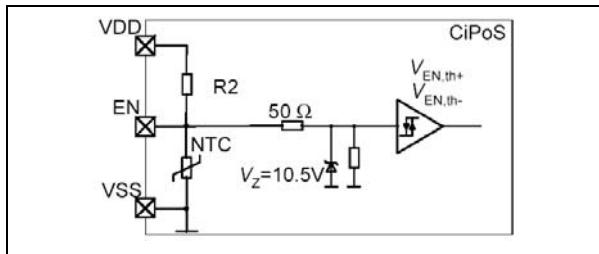


Figure 3: Internal Circuit at pin EN

This pin may also be used for reading out the temperature close to the gate drive IC. Please refer to section "Integrated Components" for the specification of the integrated parts.

ITRIP (Over-current detection function, Pin 21)

CiPoS™ provides an over-current detection function by connecting the ITRIP input with the motor current feedback. The ITRIP comparator threshold (typ 0.45V) is referenced to VSS ground. A input noise filter (typ: $t_{ITRIPMIN} = 225$ ns) prevents the driver to detect false over-current events.

Over-current detection generates a hard shut down of all outputs of the gate driver after the shutdown propagation delay of typically 690ns.

The fault-clear time is set to typically to 2ms.

VDD, VSS (control side supply and reference, Pin 22, 23)

VDD is the low side supply and it provides power both to input logic and to low side output power stage. Input logic is referenced to VSS ground as well as the under-voltage detection circuit.

The under-voltage circuit enables the device to operate at power on when a supply voltage of at least a typical voltage of $V_{DDUV+} = 11.9$ V is at least present.

The IC shuts down all the gate drivers power outputs, when the VCC supply voltage is below $V_{DDUV-} = 10.3$ V. This prevents the external power switches from critically low gate voltage levels during on-state and therefore from excessive power dissipation.

VB1,2,3 and VS1,2,3 (High side supplies, Pin 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8)

VB to VS is the high side supply voltage. The high side circuit can float with respect to VSS following the external high side power device emitter/source voltage.

Due to the low power consumption, the floating driver stage is supplied by an integrated bootstrap circuit connected to VDD. This includes also

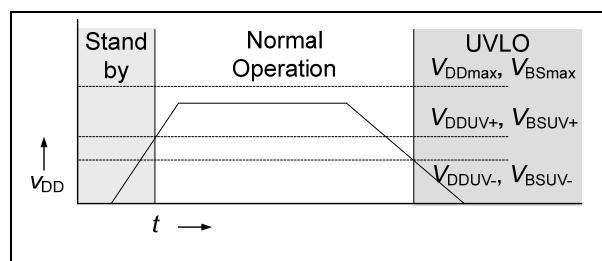


Figure 4: Input filter timing diagram

integrated bootstrap capacitors of 100 nF at each floating supply, which are located very close to the gate drive circuit.

The under-voltage detection operates with a rising supply threshold of typical $V_{BSUV+} = 11.9$ V and a falling threshold of $V_{DDUV-} = 10.3$ V according to Figure 4.

VS1,2,3 provide a high robustness against negative voltage in respect of VSS of -50 V. This ensures very stable designs even under rough conditions.

VRU, VRV, VRW (low side emitter, Pin 12, 13, 14)

The low side emitters are available for current measurements of each phase leg. It is recommended to keep the connection to pin VSS as short as possible in order to avoid unnecessary inductive voltage drops.

V+ (positive bus input voltage, Pin 10)

The high side IGBT are connected to the bus voltage. It is recommended, that the bus voltage does not exceed 500 V.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

Module Section

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value		Unit
			Min	max	
Storage temperature range		T_{stg}	-40	125	°C
Operating temperature control PCB ¹		T_{PCB}	-	125	°C
Solder temperature	Wave soldering, 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s	T_{sol}	-	260	°C
Insulation test voltage	RMS, f=50Hz, t =1min	V_{ISOL}	2500	-	V
Mounting torque	M3 screw and washer	M_s	-	0.6	Nm
Mounting pressure on surface	Package flat on mounting surface	N_{MC}	-	150	N/mm ²
Creepage distance		d_s	3.1	-	mm
External bootstrap capacitor	single capacitor charging, VDD = 20V	$C_{\text{bs,ext}}$		2	μF

IGBT and Diode Section

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value		Unit
			min	max	
Collector-Emitter breakdown voltage ²	$V_{GE}=0\text{V}$, $I_C = 0.25\text{mA}$, $t_p < 250\text{ns}$	$V_{(\text{BR})CES}$	600	-	V
DC output current	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}, T_{vJ} < 150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c = 80^\circ\text{C}, T_{vJ} < 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_u, I_v, I_w	-12 -6	12 6	A
Repetitive peak collector current	t_p limited by $T_{vJ\text{max}}$	I_u, I_v, I_w	-18	18	A
Short circuit withstand time ³	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}, V_{DC} \leq 400\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	t_{sc}	-	5	μs
Power dissipation per IGBT	$T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	-	35	W
Operating junction temperature range	IGBT Diode	T_{vjI} T_{vjD}	-40 -40	150 150	°C

¹ Monitored by pin 24

² For static operation with biased High-Side VS is reduced by 50V.

³ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Single IGBT thermal resistance, junction-case		R_{thJC}	-	-	3.0	K/W
Single diode thermal resistance, junction-case		R_{thJCD}	-	-	4.2	

Control Section

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value		Unit
			min	max	
Module supply voltage		V_{DD}	-1	20	V
High side floating supply voltage (VB vs. VS)		V_{BS}	-1	20	
High side floating IC supply offset voltage	$t_p < 250\text{ns}$ $t_p \geq 250\text{ns}$ $t_p < 500\text{ns}$ $t_p \geq 500\text{ns}$	$V_{S1,2,3}$	- - VDD-VBS-50 VDD-VBS-6	600 550 - -	V
Input voltage	LIN, HIN, EN, ITRIP	V_{in}	-1	10	V
Operating junction temperature ¹		$T_{J,IC}$	-	125	
Max. switching frequency		f_{PWM}	-	20	kHz

Recommended Operation Conditions

All voltages are absolute voltages referenced to V_{SS} -Potential unless otherwise specified.

Description	Symbol	Value		Unit
		min	max	
High side floating supply offset voltage	V_S	-3	500	V
High side floating supply voltage (V_B vs. V_S)	V_{BS}	12.5	17.5	
High side output voltage (V_{HO} vs. V_S)	V_{HO}	0	V_{BS}	
Low side power supply	V_{DD}	12.5	17.5	
Logic input voltages LIN,HIN,EN,ITRIP	V_{IN}	0	5	

¹ Monitored by pin 24

Static Parameters

($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Collector-Emitter saturation voltage	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}$, $I_{out} = +/- 6\text{A}$ 25°C 150°C	$V_{CE(sat)}$	- -	1.7 1.9	2.15	V
Diode forward voltage	$V_{DD} = 0\text{V}$, $I_{out} = +/- 6\text{A}$ 25°C 150°C	V_F	- -	1.6 1.6	2.05	V
Zero gate voltage collector current ¹	$V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $t_p < 250\text{ns}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CES}	- -	-	40 1000	µA
Short circuit collector current ¹	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}$, $t_{SC} \leq 5\mu\text{s}$ $V_{CC} = 300\text{V}$, $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{C(SC)}$	-	35	-	A
Logic "0" input voltage (LIN,HIN)		V_{IH}	1.7	2.1	2.4	V
Logic "1" input voltage (LIN,HIN)		V_{IL}	0.7	0.9	1.1	V
EN positive going threshold		$V_{EN,TH+}$	1.9	2.1	2.3	V
EN negative going threshold		$V_{EN,TH-}$	1.1	1.32	1.5	V
ITRIP positive going threshold		$V_{IT,TH+}$	360	450	540	mV
ITRIP input hysteresis		$V_{IT,HYS}$	60	85	-	mV
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage positive going threshold		V_{DDUV+} V_{BSUV+}	11.0	12.0	12.8	V
V_{DD} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage negative going threshold		V_{DDUV-} V_{BSUV-}	9.5	10.3	11.0	V
V_{CC} and V_{BS} supply undervoltage lockout hysteresis		V_{DDUVH} V_{BSUVH}	1.2	1.6	-	V
Input clamp voltage (/HIN, /LIN, EN, ITRIP)		$V_{INCLAMP}$	9.0	10.1	13.0	V
Quiescent V_{Bx} supply current (V_{Bx} only)	$V_{IN} = \text{low}$	I_{QB}	-	300	550	µA
Quiescent VDD supply current (VDD only)	$V_{IN} = \text{float}$	I_{QDD}	-	2.1	3.0	mA
Input bias current	$V_{IN} = 5\text{V}$	I_{IN+}	-	43	100	µA
Input bias current	$V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$	I_{IN-}	-	100	200	µA
ITRIP Input bias current	$V_{ITRIP} = 5\text{V}$	I_{ITRIP+}	-	62	120	µA
EN Input bias current	$V_{EN} = 5\text{V}$	I_{EN+}	-	62	120	µA
Leakage current of high side	$V_S = 550\text{V}$, $T_{j,IC} = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{LVS}	-	30	-	µA

¹ Allowed number of short circuits: <1000; time between short circuits: >1s.

Dynamic Parameters

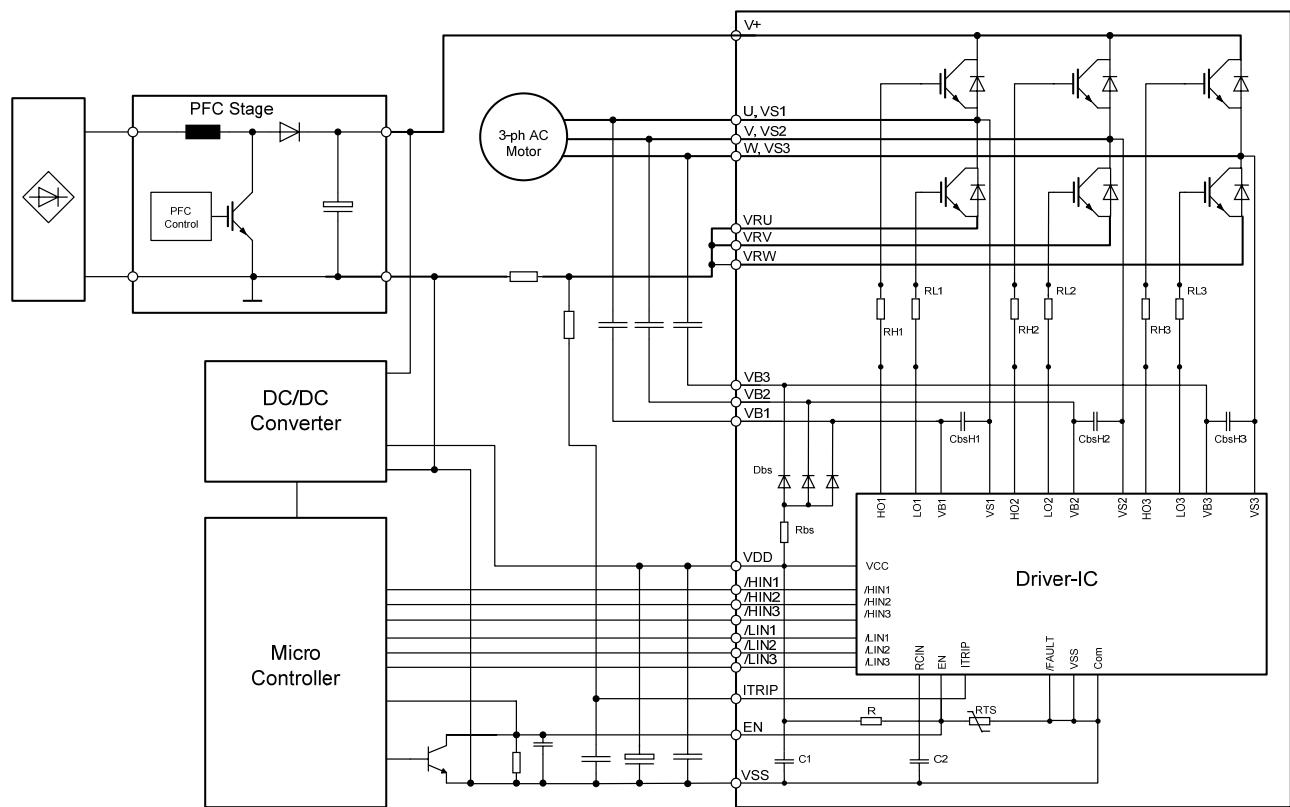
($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$, if not stated otherwise)

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Turn-on propagation delay High side or low side	$V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 0\text{V}$; $I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$	$t_{d(\text{on})}$	-	617	-	ns
Turn-on rise time High side or low side	$I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$ $V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 5\text{V}$	t_r	-	21	-	ns
Turn-off propagation delay High side or low side	$V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 5\text{V}$; $I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$	$t_{d(\text{off})}$	-	832	-	ns
Turn-off fall time High side or low side	$I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$ $V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 0\text{V}$	t_f	-	29	-	ns
Shutdown propagation delay ENABLE	$V_{\text{EN}} = 0\text{V}$, $I_u, I_v, I_w = 6\text{A}$	t_{EN}	-	900	-	ns
Shutdown propagation delay ITRIP	$V_{\text{ITRIP}} = 1\text{V}$, $I_u, I_v, I_w = 6\text{A}$	t_{ITRIP}	-	900	-	ns
Input filter time ITRIP	$V_{\text{ITRIP}} = 1\text{V}$	t_{ITRIPmin}	155	225	380	ns
Input filter time at LIN for turn on and off and input filter time at HIN for turn on only	$V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 0\text{ V} \& 5\text{V}$	t_{FILIN}	120	270	-	ns
Input filter time at HIN for turn off	$V_{\text{HIN}} = 5\text{V}$	t_{FILIN1}	-	200	-	ns
Input filter time at HIN for turn off	$V_{\text{HIN}} = 5\text{ V}$	t_{FILIN2}	-	350	-	ns
Input filter time EN		t_{FILEN}	300	430	-	ns
Fault clear time after ITRIP-fault	$V_{\text{LIN},\text{HIN}} = 0\text{ V} \& 5\text{V}$ $V_{\text{ITRIP}} = 0\text{ V}$	t_{FLTCLR}	-	4	-	ms
Min. deadtime between low side and high side		DT_{PWM}	1	-	-	μs
Deadtime of gate drive circuit		DT_{IC}		325		ns
IGBT Turn-on Energy (includes reverse recovery of diode)	$I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	E_{on}	-	145	-	μJ
IGBT Turn-off Energy	$I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	E_{off}	-	122	-	μJ
Diode recovery Energy	$I_{\text{out}} = 6\text{A}$, $V_{\text{DC}} = 300\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	E_{rec}	-	31	-	μJ
			-	81	-	

Integrated Components

Description	Condition	Symbol ¹	Value			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Resistor (0.25 W)		Rbs	-	10	-	Ω
Resistor		R	-	24		kΩ
Resistor	$T_{NTC} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	RTS	-	100	-	
B-Constant of NTC (Negative Temperature Coefficient)	$T_{NTC} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	B25	-	4250	-	K
Bootstrap diode forward voltage	$I_{FDbs} = 100\text{mA}$	V_{FDbs}	-	1.9	2.05	V
Capacitor		C1	-	100	-	nF
Capacitor		C2	-	2.2	-	
Bootstrap Capacitor		C_{bsH_x}	-	100	-	

Circuit of a Typical Application



¹ Symbols according to Figure 1

Characteristics

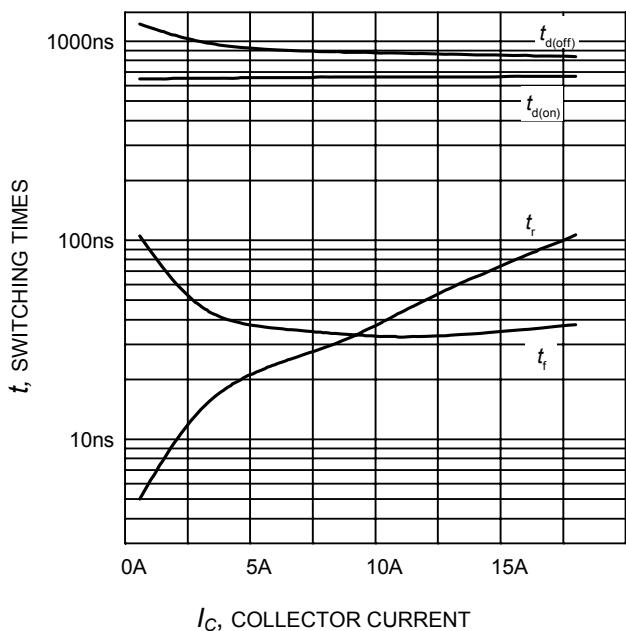


Figure 5. Typical switching times as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{V}$, $V_{DD} = 15\text{V}$
Dynamic test circuit in Figure A)

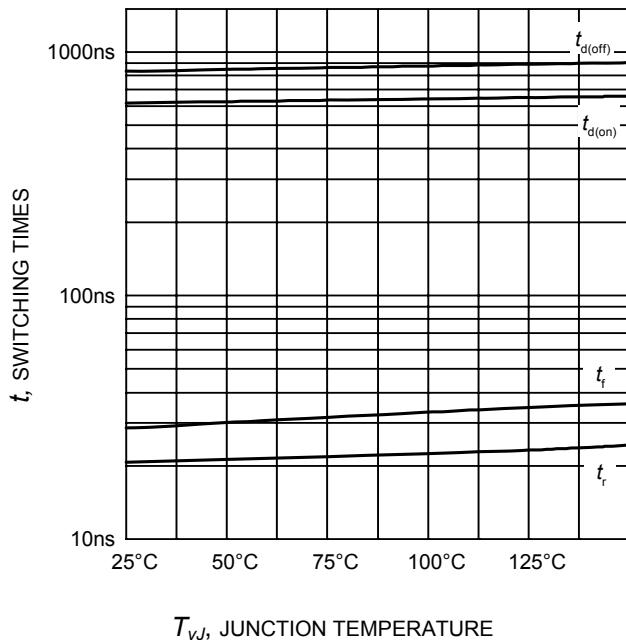


Figure 6. Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 300\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$
Dynamic test circuit in Figure A)

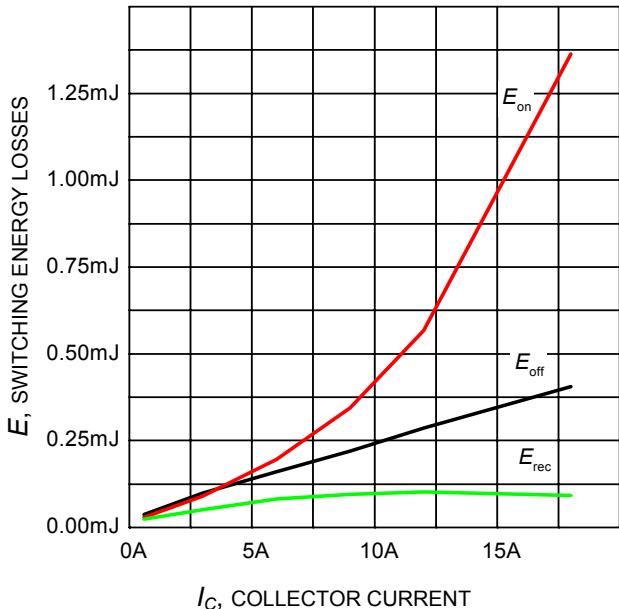


Figure 7. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
(inductive load, $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$,
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$
Dynamic test circuit in Figure A)

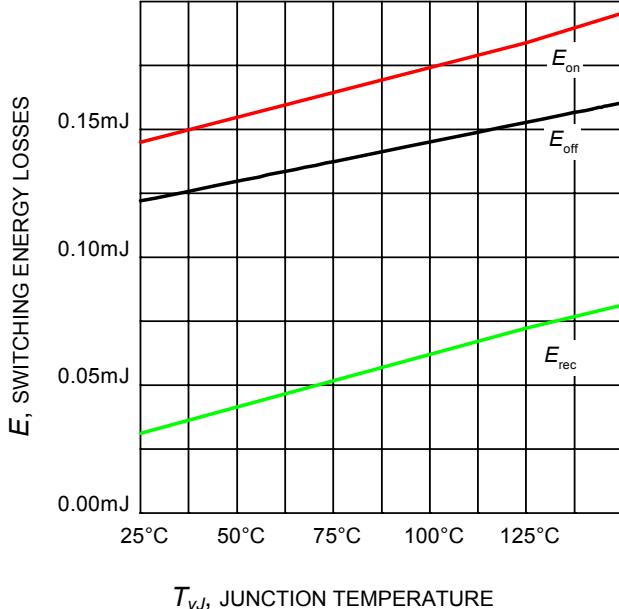


Figure 8. Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature
(inductive load, $V_{CE} = 300\text{V}$,
 $V_{GE} = 0/15\text{V}$, $I_C = 6\text{A}$
Dynamic test circuit in Figure A)

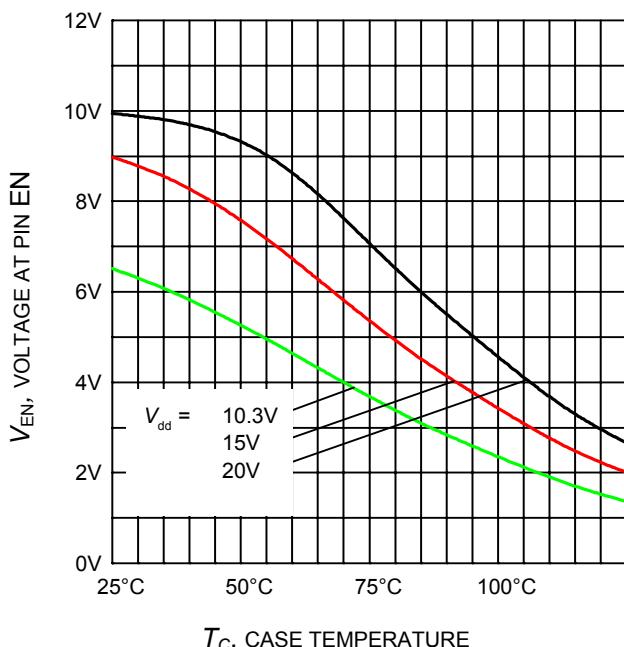


Figure 9. Typical voltage at pin EN as a function of case temperature

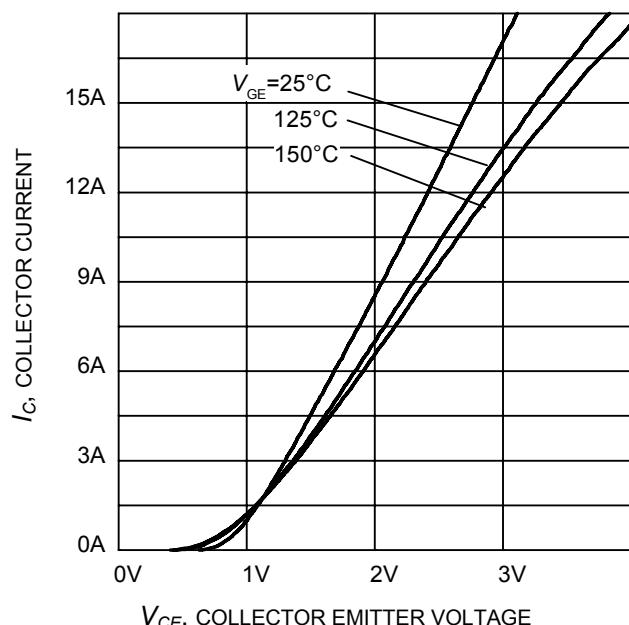


Figure 10. Typical output characteristic of IGBT as a function of collector emitter voltage ($V_{DD} = 15V$)

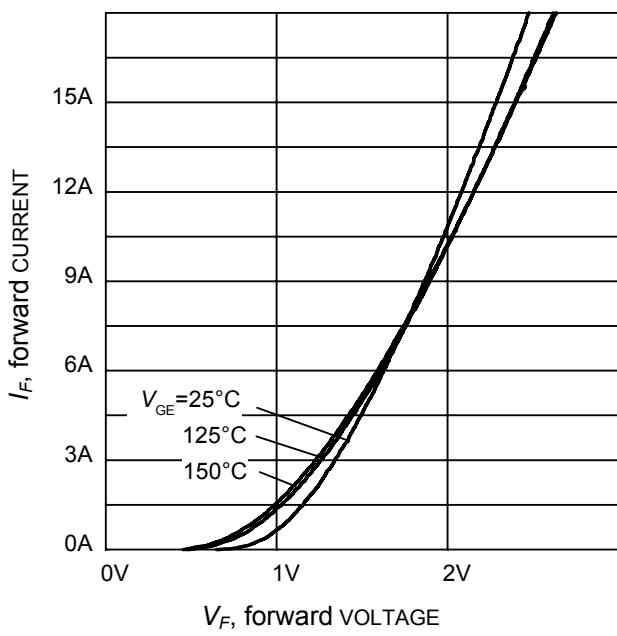


Figure 11. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

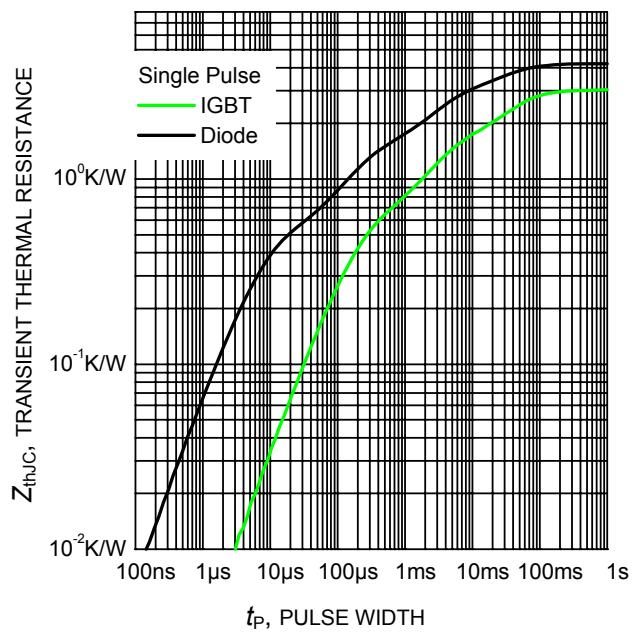


Figure 24. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width
($D = t_p/T$)

Test Circuits and Parameter Definition

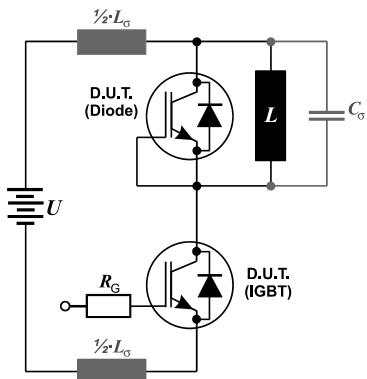


Figure A: Dynamic test circuit

Leakage inductance $L_\sigma = 180\text{nH}$

Stray capacitance $C_\sigma = 39\text{pF}$

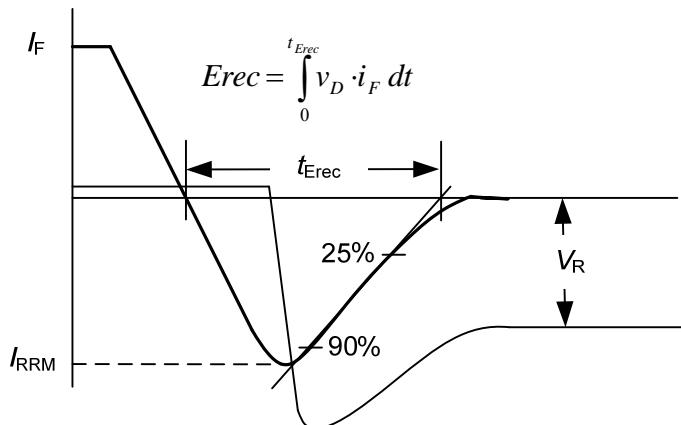


Figure B: Definition of diodes switching characteristics

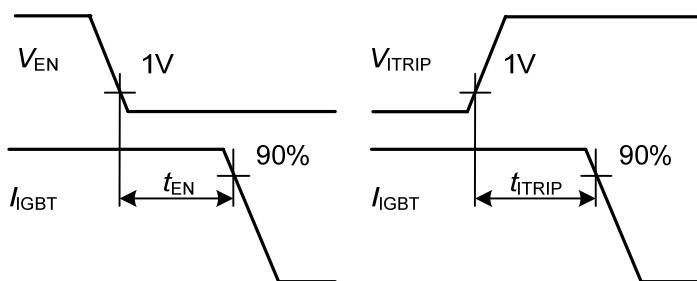


Figure C: Definition of Enable and ITIRP propagation delay

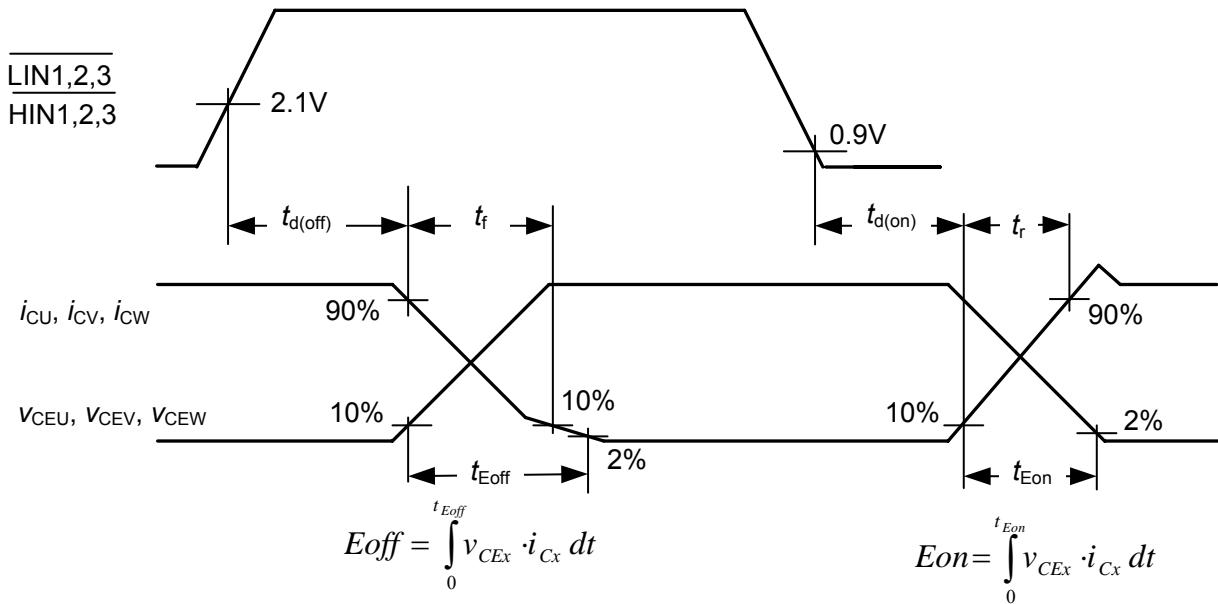


Figure D: Switching times definition and switching energy definition

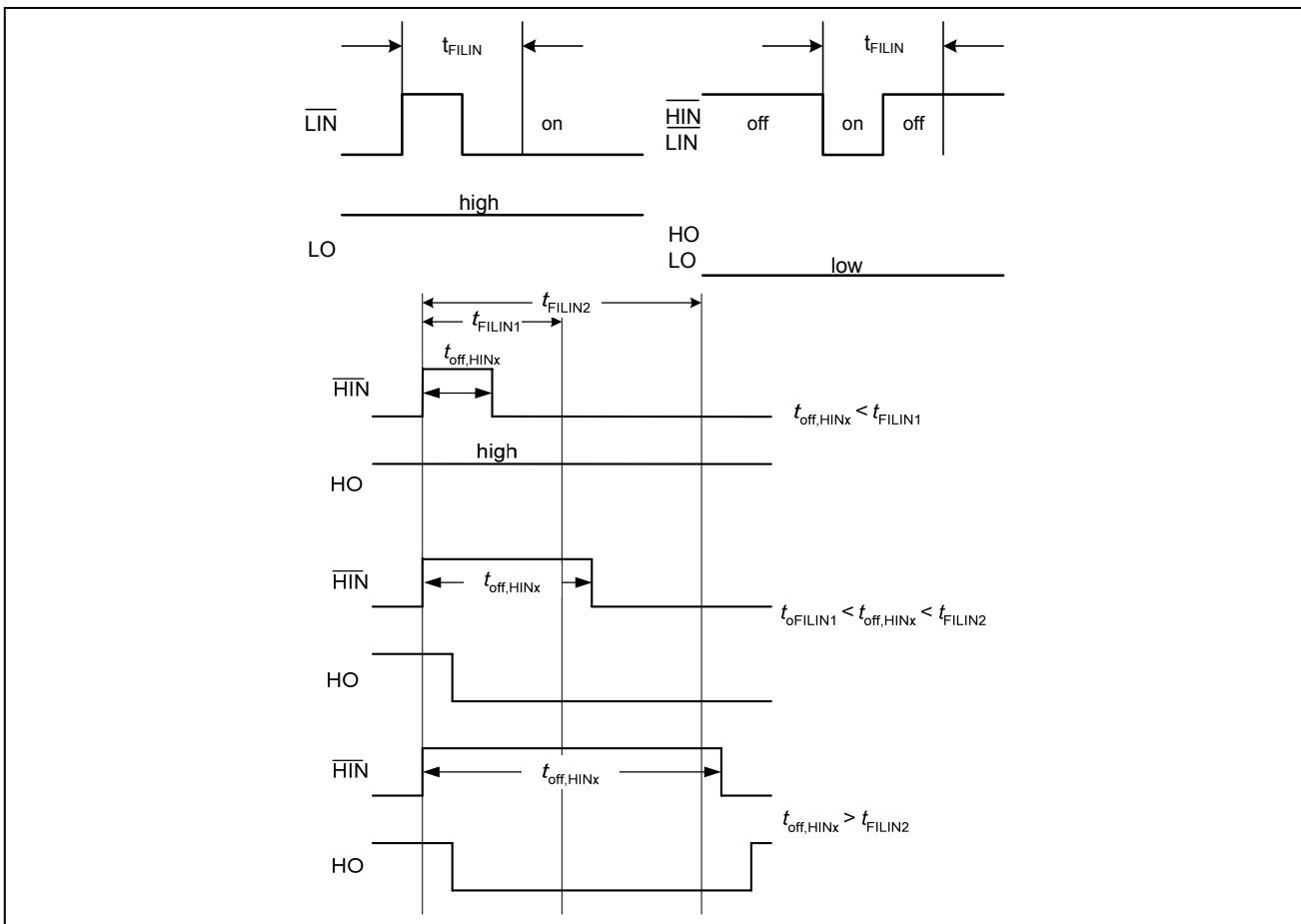
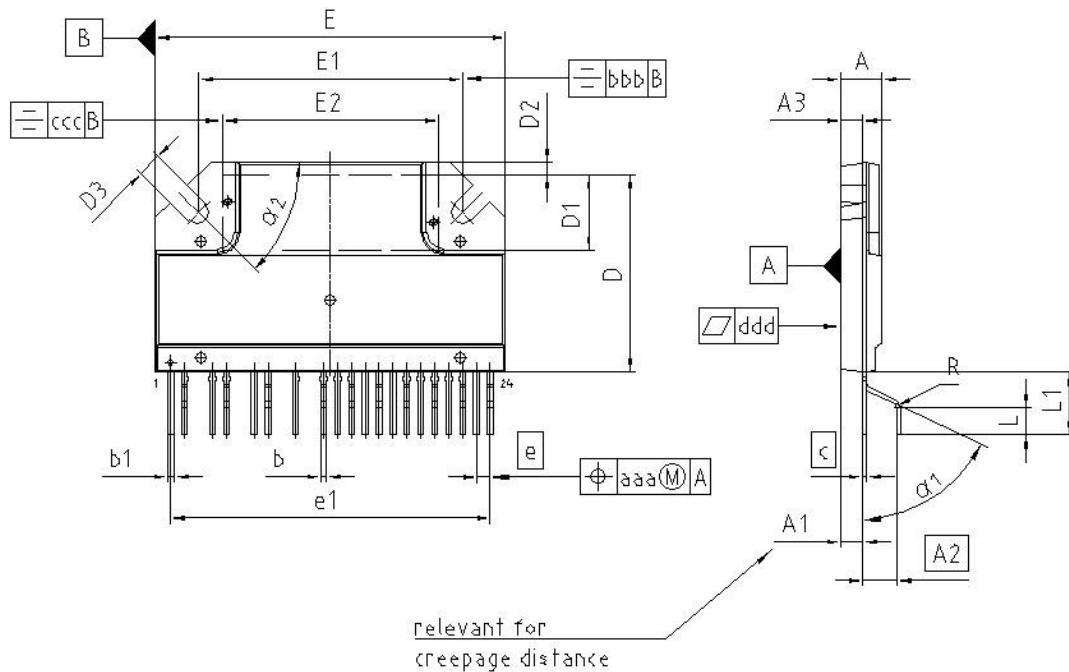


Figure E: Short Pulse suppression

Package Outline IKCS12F60AA



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	5.900	6.100	0.232	0.240
A1	3.200		0.126	
A2	5.000		0.197	
A3	3.100	3.300	0.122	0.130
b	0.760	0.880	0.030	0.035
b1	-	1.120	-	0.044
c	0.460	0.580	0.018	0.023
D	30.100	30.300	1.185	1.193
D1	10.600	11.200	0.417	0.441
D2	1.300	2.300	0.051	0.091
D3	3.400	3.600	0.134	0.142
E	50.300	50.500	1.980	1.988
E1	37.900	38.100	1.492	1.500
E2	30.700	31.300	1.209	1.232
e	2.000		0.079	
e1	46.000		1.811	
N	20		20	
L	3.630	4.230	0.143	0.167
L1	8.700	9.300	0.343	0.366
R	0.300	0.900	0.012	0.035
aaa	0.400		0.016	
bbb	0.250		0.010	
ccc	0.500		0.020	
ddd	0.150		0.006	
a1	64.000	66.000	64.000	66.000
a2	44.000	46.000	44.000	46.000

Description	Condition	Symbol	Value			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Weight		m_P	-	17	-	g